Battery-Electric Buses Maximization Rather than Optimization

Hal Johnson Utah Transit Authority Feb 2020





Why Electric Buses?

The NREL team found that the battery-electric buses demonstrated average efficiency of 2.15 kWh per mile

This translates to about 17.48 miles per diesel gallon equivalent
Diesel buses average 4-5MPG

Electric buses don't emit pollutants, benefiting local air quality

With fewer moving parts compared to traditional internal combustion motors, they cost less to maintain, hopefully A battery-electric bus is driven by an electric motor and obtains energy from onboard batteries

HOW IT WORKS.



- Batteries upsized from 200kWh to 400kWh for extra range
- Added diesel heater to extend winter range. Providing electric heat uses 1kWh per mile
- □1 dispenser per bus depot charging
- □450kWh overhead fast charge rather than 300kWh
- A second high powered charger is being added to support system redundancy and support future projects





Results

UTA's electric buses can run up to 200 miles between charges

Small things matter:

- Electric heat can use up to 50 miles of range
- □ Hills make a difference. Buses charge on the way down the hill but not all of the energy is recouped
- Eco driving makes a big difference: up to 1 KWh per mile
- Temperature makes a difference





New Flyer Connect report diesel heater not in use



New Flyer Connect Report diesel heater in use

Summary: 1.76 KWh per mile Hours in service: .4 Miles: 9





NEW FLYER

CONNECT[®]

NEW FLYER.



Trip Remaining









Full Charge Range











End, thank you for your time



